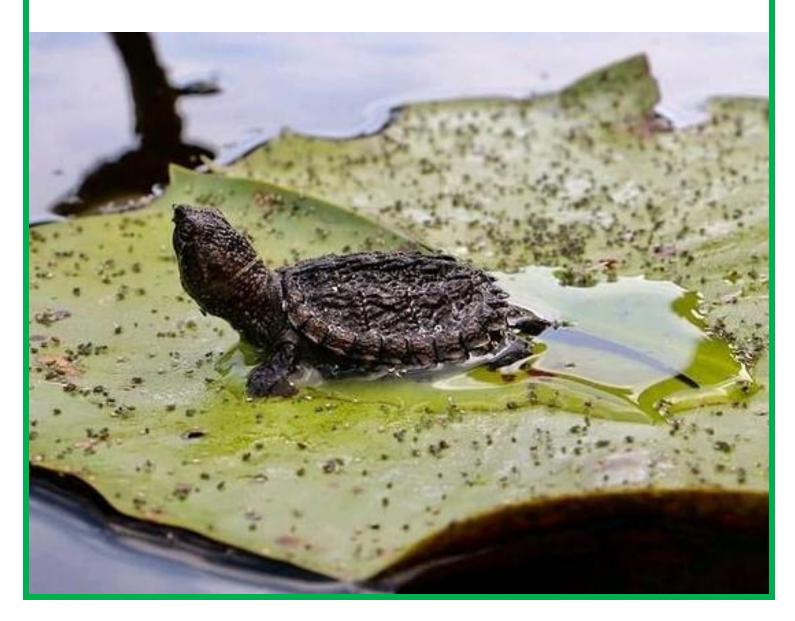
Counting Turtle Eggs

Grade 1 - Mathematics





Counting Turtle Eggs



Lesson Details

Grade Level: 1	Curriculum Links:	Mathematics	Time Needed:	40 minutes – 1 hour
Learning Goal	To practice basic number sense and numeration skills. As well as counting, using tools			
	(ping pong balls), and relating story to real-world contexts (turtle nest protection).			e nest protection).
Success Criteria	By the end of this lesson, students will have practiced counting by 1s, 2s, and 5s using			
	tools and learned the importance of protecting turtle nests.			
Specific	Number Sense and Numeration			
Expectations	Represent, compare, and order whole numbers to 50, using a variety of tools			
	and contexts;			
	 Count forward by 1s, 2s, and 5s to 100 using tools; 			
	 Count backwards by 1s from 20 and any number less than 20 with and without 			
	the use of tools and number lines;			
	 Solve problems involving the addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 20 			f whole numbers to 20,
	using tools and	drawings.		
Materials	Worksheet (attached), Pencil, 100 Ping Pong Balls, 2 Buckets, Sand (optional), 10 Egg			
Needed	Cartons (optional), Turtle Cut-Outs (attached) or a Turtle Stuffed Animal, Fox Cut-Outs			
	(attached) or a Fox Stuffed Animal.			

Lesson Description

Overview	Using turtle eggs (ping pong balls) found in a turtle nest (sandbox or other container)		
	students will count the number of eggs in the box before and after a fox eats some		
	eggs.		
Activity	 Split your classroom into 2 groups, giving each group a nest of up to 50 eggs (ping pong balls). These eggs can be buried in sand like a real nest, so the children can extract them, or placed in a bucket without sand. Hand out 5 egg cartons for students to place their eggs in as they discover them in the bucket. Begin by explaining that turtles are a species at risk, and one of the things harming their population is predation of nests by foxes, skunks, and racoons. Using the turtle cut-out (or stuffed animal), set the story that our turtle has just laid a nest of eggs. In supervised groups, each group must count how many eggs are in each nest. First, counting by 1s, then 2s, then 5s making visual piles of eggs if needed. Using 		
	the attached worksheet, the students can write down the number of eggs found and use their numeration skills to solve problems. 5. Using the fox cut-out (or stuffed animal), set the story that a predator has come		
	around to eat 20 eggs. Have the groups count to 20 and remove those eggs – you can also have the students practice counting backwards from 20 instead.		
	Bring the class back together as one group, and have the students add the two predated nest numbers together.		
	7. End by discussing how we can help protect turtle eggs from predation.		
Background	The Common Snapping Turtle is the largest freshwater turtle in Ontario. In the spring,		
Information	female snapping turtles venture out of the water to find suitable locations to nest. This		
	often occurs on sandy banks, or within the gravel on roadsides. This is a very vulnerable		
	time for laying snappers, as they are exposed to cars which can harm them. After the		

Lesson Description

	nests are laid, predators smell the freshly laid eggs and might dig into the nest eating		
	some or all of the eggs.		
	To help protect turtle nests from predation, nests can be protected with a cage. If nests		
	cannot be caged (on a road, driveway, etc.) you can call the Turtle Guardians hotline		
	(found on the Turtle Guardians website https://www.turtleguardians.com/contact/). In		
	certain areas of Ontario, Trained Conservation Technicians may come to the turtle nest		
	and collect the eggs to be incubated. Turtle eggs will incubate for at least 60 – 90 days		
	before they hatch – and if in the care of a technician, they will return the baby turtle to		
Blacklist Masters	where they were originally found.Worksheet (attached)		
Diacklist Wasters	Turtle and Fox Cut-Outs (attached)		
	Video Link(s): Turtle Nesting		
	For more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/turtle-		
	nesting/		
Place-Based	Learning as a group in the classroom, or outside in a field with sand/gravel access; as		
Learning	turtle nests are known to occur where there are sand and gravel deposits. Students will		
	become Turtle Guardians themselves as they investigate a turtle nest and gain real life		
	experience learning how to help the eggs.		
Inquiry-Based	Using Guided Inquiry , the students will work together in their groups to count the		
Learning	number of eggs before and after the fox eats some.		
	Ask the students:		
	How can we help protect turtle eggs from being eaten by predators like the fox? Have you over soon a posting turtle at the side of the road or pear your home?		
Turtle Stories	 Have you ever seen a nesting turtle at the side of the road or near your home? Have you ever seen a turtle nesting, or a predated nest? Next time take a picture and 		
Tartic Stories	share it with us. Try building a nest cage protector for the next time you see a turtle		
	nest. Students are encouraged to share their experiences, pictures, and worksheets on		
	the Turtle Stories website, found here: https://www.turtlestories.ca/		
Turtle Guardian	After completing Level 1 (Ontario Turtle Identification) of the Turtle Guardian Program,		
Program Links	students can move onto Level 2 (Wetland Watchers). In this level the students learn the		
	importance of protecting, and how to protect turtle nests. They then can become		
	official nest sitters (when accompanied by an adult) and learn how to build a nest cage		
	protector. For more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-		
	a-turtle-guardian/		

My Notes



Counting Turtle Eggs

Grade 1 – Mathematics

Turtle and Fox Cut-Outs





Counting Turtle Eggs!



1

Wow! You've just found a turtle nest!

There are _____ 50___ turtle eggs in my nest.



Can you count the eggs by 2s? What about by 5s? Give yourself a check!

5s 🗸

Oh no! A fox came around and ate 20 of your eggs. How many eggs do you have now? Try counting backwards from 20 as you take away the eggs.

<u>50</u> - <u>20</u> = <u>30</u>

There are __30_ turtle eggs in my nest. 4

Can you **draw** the turtle eggs that are in your nest?

Join another group. Can you add your turtle egg number to the other group?

<u>30</u> + <u>30</u> = <u>60</u>

There are <u>60</u> turtle eggs in our nest.

6

How can we help protect turtles from predators like foxes?

- Cover nest with a cage
- Call a Turtle Guardian or Trained Conservation Technician



In the springtime, turtles lay their eggs in the ground. Did you know that Common Snapping Turtles can lay about 50 eggs? And each looks like a ping pong ball, just like what you're counting today!

Counting Turtle Eggs!



1	
(\mathbf{L})	Wow! You've just found a
	turtle nest!

There are _____ turtle eggs in my nest.



Can you count the eggs by 2s? What about by 5s? Give yourself a check!

2s _____ 5s ____

Oh no! A fox came around and ate 20 of your eggs. How many eggs do you have now? Try counting backwards from 20 as you take away the eggs.

There are _____turtle eggs in my nest.

4

Can you **draw** the turtle eggs that are in your nest?

Join another group. Can you add your turtle egg number to the other group?

____ + ____ = ____

There are _____turtle eggs in our nest.

6 H

How can we help protect turtles from predators like foxes?



In the springtime, turtles lay their eggs in the ground. Did you know that Common Snapping Turtles can lay about 50 eggs? And each looks like a ping pong ball, just like what you're counting today!