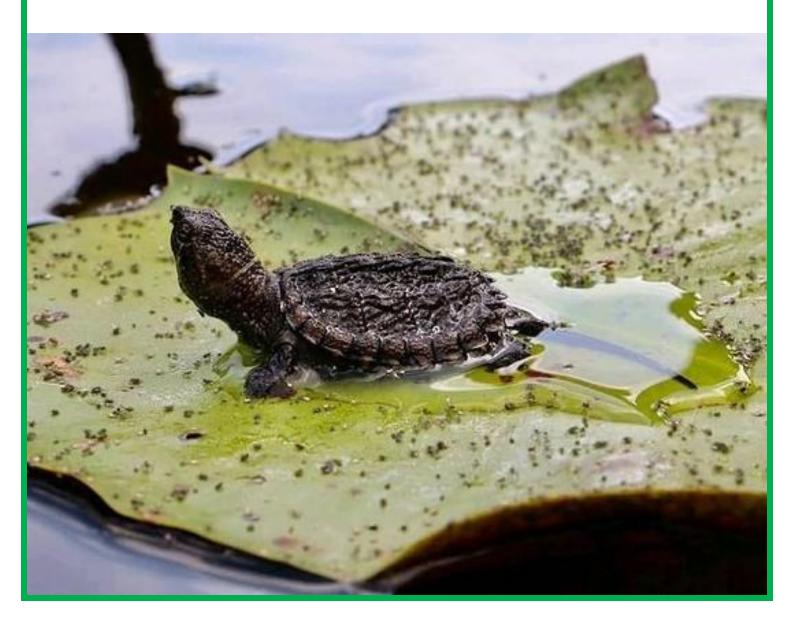
# **Draw A Turtle**

Grade 1 – Visual Art





### **Draw A Turtle**



#### **Lesson Details**

Grade Level: 1	Curriculum Links:	Visual Art, Science and Technology	Time Needed:	30 minutes
Learning Goal	To learn about the characteristics and habitats of turtles by looking at pictures and			ures and
	drawing a turtle.			
Success Criteria	By the end of this lesson, students will be able to draw a turtle and identify its			/ its
	characteristics as well as habitat.			
Specific	Visual Art – Elements of Design			
Expectations	<ul> <li>Create two- and three-dimensional works of art that express feelings and ideas</li> </ul>			
	inspired by personal experiences;			
	Demonstrate an understanding of composition, using principles of design to			
	create narrative artworks or art works on a theme or topic;			
	Use elements of design in art works to communicate ideas, messages, and			
	personal understandings;			
	<ul> <li>Use a variety of materials, tools, and techniques to respond to design</li> </ul>			
	challenges: drawing, mixed media, painting, printmaking, sculpture;		e;	
	<ul> <li>Express their</li> </ul>	feelings and ideas about art works a	and art experience	es;
	<ul> <li>Explain how</li> </ul>	elements and principles of design are	e used to commu	nicate
	meaning or ι	understanding their own and other's	artwork.	
	Science and Technology — Understanding Life Systems			
	Identify the page 1.5	ohysical characteristics of a variety of	f plants and anima	als;
	<ul> <li>Investigate a</li> </ul>	nd compare the physical characterist	tics of a variety of	plants and
	animals, incl	uding humans.		
Materials	Ontario Turtle Identification Sheet (attached), Pencil, Paper, Pencil Crayons, Crayons,			
Needed	Markers.			

### **Lesson Description**

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Overview	Students will first create a drawing of what they think a turtle looks like in its natural
	habitat. Then, after a discussion, students will re-create their drawings making any
	necessary changes.
Activity	1. Hand out a piece of paper and colouring utensils to each student.
	2. Tell the students to draw a turtle in its home. Give no additional instructions.
	3. Once the students have completed their drawings, have each student share
	theirs either in small groups or to the class.
	4. On the board, create a list of characteristics as a class of all the turtles shared.
	Also make a list of the homes (habitats) in which each turtle was drawn.
	5. Discuss what makes an animal a turtle (E.g. shell, scutes, beak, tail, etc.). Also
	discuss the different turtle habitats (E.g. wetland, lake, pond, etc.).
	6. Next, share pictures of the different Ontario Turtles and discuss any similarities
	or differences between the list of characteristics created as a class and the
	pictures of the turtles shared.
	7. Also discuss any similarities or differences between the list of habitats that were
	drawn and the habitats in the pictures shared.
	8. Finally, have the students turn their papers over and draw another turtle now
	that they have learned what makes an animal a turtle and their habitat suitable.

### **Lesson Description**

Background	Turtles are reptiles, most easily distinguished by their shells. These shells can be hard		
Information	and bony or soft and leathery. Turtles exhibit characteristics shared by all reptiles: they		
	are cold-blooded, have scales, breathe using lungs, and lay eggs. However, turtles are		
	the only group of reptiles that have both a shell and a beak (instead of teeth). There are		
	over 250 species of turtle, broken into three main groups: land turtles, aquatic turtles,		
	and marine turtles. In Ontario, we have 8 species of turtles: Blanding's, Map, Painted		
	(Midland and Western), Snapping, Spiny Softshell, Spotted, Stinkpot (Musk), and Wood.		
	Land turtles can also be called tortoises. They spend the majority of their time on land,		
	only occasionally venturing into shallow water. Land turtles tend to have broad, stumpy		
	feet. They can be herbivores or omnivores. Their shells are usually domed, allowing the		
	animal to hide inside. <b>Aquatic turtles</b> spend most of their time in the water. Aquatic		
	turtle shells tend to be less domed than land turtles so they can move quickly through		
	the water. Their feet are typically webbed to allow for better swimming. Aquatic turtles		
	are usually omnivores. There are no <b>Marine turtles</b> in Ontario as they are found in the		
	ocean.		
Blacklist Masters	Ontario Turtle Identification Sheet (attached)		
	Video Link(s): Ontario Turtle Identification and Wetlands and Turtles in Ontario		
	For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.turtleguardians.com/sample-">https://www.turtleguardians.com/sample-</a>		
	page/id-turtles/		
Place-Based	Students are encouraged to visit a wetland or other natural area to try to spot the		
Learning	turtles they have learned about in their native environment. Which Ontario turtles are		
Inquire Dasad	local to their community?		
Inquiry-Based	Using <b>Open Inquiry</b> , students will create their turtle drawings, and then discuss the		
Learning	proper characteristics and habitats of Ontario Turtles.		
	Ask the students:		
	What does a turtle look like? And where do they live?		
	Do turtles exhibit different characteristics that help them survive in their		
	different habitats?		
<b>Turtle Stories</b>	Each species of turtle is different and carry their own unique set of characteristics.		
	Today you drew a turtle, but can you make a turtle from any other materials? Try		
	making a turtle from only recyclables. Students are encouraged to share their		
	experiences and pictures on the Turtle Stories website, found here:		
	https://www.turtlestories.ca/		
Turtle Guardian	After completing <b>Level 1</b> (Ontario Turtle Identification) of the <b>Turtle Guardian Program</b> ,		
Program Links	students can move onto <b>Level 2</b> (Wetland Watchers). In this level the students learn		
	how to monitor wetland habitats, contribute to knowledge of wildlife-biology in the		
	region, and are able to adopt a wetland to monitor for turtles, birds, and other animals.		
	For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-a-turtle-">https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-a-turtle-</a>		
	guardian/		

### My Notes



### **Blanding's Turtle**







#### Midland (top) and Western (bottom) Painted Turtles







### **Snapping Turtle**







#### **Spiny Softshell Turtle**







#### **Spotted Turtle**







#### Stinkpot (Musk) Turtle







#### **Wood Turtle**







#### **Map Turtle**



