Healthy Wetlands

Grade 1 – Science and Technology





Healthy Wetlands



Lesson Details

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Grade Level: 1	Curriculum Links:	Science and Technology	Time Needed:	1.5 hours
Learning Goal	To learn about the importance of wetlands in relation to water filtration and the role			
	turtles play in a wetland. Students will also learn how ecosystems are connected, and			
	without one element, how ecosystems can collapse.			
Success Criteria	By the end of this lesson, students will understand a turtle's role in wetland ecosystems.			
	Students will also understand the role clean water plays in the environment, recreation,			
	and human health.			
Specific	Understanding Life Systems			
Expectations	Describe changes or problems that could result from the loss of some kinds of			
	living things that are part of everyday life;			
	 Investigate and compare the basic needs of humans and other living things, 		ing things,	
	including the	need for air, water, food, warm	ith, space, using a va	riety of
	methods and	l resources;		,
	Identify what	t living things provide for other I	iving things.	
Materials	Worksheet (attached	l), Pencil, Clean Water, Water M	ixed with Coffee Grir	nds, Five 2L
Needed	Bottles (empty), a Coffee Filter, a Sponge, Small Rocks, Leaf Litter (if possible, use a			
	plant with roots inste	ead of leaf litter).		

Lesson Description

Overview	Students will learn about water filtration and wetland health through a hands-on water	
	filtration activity.	
Activity	1. Before the lesson, cut the 2L bottles in half and insert the open mouth of the bottle into the bottom half – acting as a funnel. 2. Begin by helding up two glasses of water, one clean and the other "dirty" (filled	
	2. Begin by holding up two glasses of water, one clean and the other "dirty" (filled with coffee grinds). Ask the students which glass they would rather drink from and/or swim in? Why?	
	3. Then discuss how "dirty" water in nature becomes polluted (E.g. soil erosion or agricultural lands, pollutants, bacteria, etc.).	
	4. Ask the students what would happen if the "dirty" water went directly into the lakes, or even our homes?	
	5. Explain the importance of wetlands and turtles in wetlands. You may also share some photos of healthy wetlands.	
	6. Next, hand out the observation worksheets (attached) to all students and begin the water filtration activity.	
	7. Begin by placing a coffee filter into the funnel of one bottle, a sponge in another, small rocks in the next, and leaf litter or a plant in the last bottle. Make sure to leave one bottle with no filtration system in the funnel (this will be the control).	
	While creating these, discuss the importance of wetlands as nature's filtration system and explain that you're going to test how well these filters can clean the "dirty" water.	
	8. As you pour the "dirty" water into each bottle, have the students write down their observations on the worksheet. You may request a volunteer to help you pour the water.	

Lesson Description

	9. You may run the dirty water through the same filter multiple times - wetlands		
	exist in long chains as water flows throughout the system so this will mimic a		
	real-life scenario.		
	10. Point out how the coffee grinds remain on top of the filters.		
	11. Ask the students which filter worked the best.		
	12. Discuss as a class and have the students write down their answers to the		
	question, "How do we use clean water?".		
	13. Further discuss how we can help protect turtles and wetland ecosystems.		
Background	Wetlands are crucial to the health of water systems. If a wetland was part of the human		
Information	body, it'd be known as our kidneys. They filter water and regulate the distribution of i		
	flow. Without wetlands, bacteria and other pollutants would flow directly into our lakes		
	and rivers.		
	It is important to note that wetlands are also a home to many species, not just plants.		
	Turtles are most often found in wetlands. They are considered keystone species, in		
	other words, incredibly valuable and integral to the health of the water. Likewise,		
	wetlands provide turtles a home and contribute to their overall well-being. Wetlands		
	teach us the relationships between the environment, plants, and animals. Wetlands		
	have systems to filter water, which benefits turtles. In return, turtles provide valuable		
	services to wetlands. When turtles are young, they consume small fish and mammals,		
	and dead carcasses. As they get older, turtles eat mainly vegetation and seeds – then		
	when they roam they spread these seeds, creating new vegetation that will filter the		
Disabilist Masters	water.		
Blacklist Masters	Worksheet (attached) Video Link(s): Turtles and Wetlands in Ontario		
	Video Link(s): <u>Turtles and Wetlands in Ontario</u> For more information, places visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/cample		
	 For more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/sample-page/turtle-habitats/ 		
Place-Based	After the lesson, plan a visit to a wetland or local water area so students can see which		
Learning	plants work to help filtrate the water. Discuss with the students where the water in		
Learning	your community comes from and how it is cleaned.		
Inquiry-Based	Using Confirmation and Structured Inquiry , students will use their observational skills		
Learning	to confirm the importance of wetlands and turtles for cleaning water.		
Learning	to commit the importance of wedands and turdes for cleaning water.		
	Ask the students:		
	What pollutes water?		
	Which glass would you rather drink from and/or swim in? Clean or "dirty"?		
	What would happen if the "dirty" water went directly into the lakes?		
	What would happen if we didn't have turtles to help clean the water?		
	How important is clean water to humans and animals?		
	How do we use clean water?		
Turtle Stories	What other natural objects (like plants) help to filter water? Have you visited a wetland		
	or other water area recently? What was the condition of the water like? Clean or		
	"dirty"? What types of plants were in the water, or were there plants missing that		
	affected the filtration of the water? Try this experiment at home and use other items to		
	try to filtrate the water. Did anything work better? Worse? Students are encouraged to		
	share their experience, pictures, and worksheets on the Turtle Stories website, found		
	here: https://www.turtlestories.ca/		
Turtle Guardian	After completing Level 1 (Ontario Turtle Identification) of the Turtle Guardian Program,		
Program Links	students can move onto Level 2 (Wetland Watchers). In this level the students learn		
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Lesson Description how to monitor wetland habitats, contribute to knowledge of wildlife-biology in the region, and are able to adopt a wetland to monitor for turtles, birds, and other animals. For more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-a-turtle- guardian/ My Notes





Healthy Wetlands

	No Filter Observations:			
	Coffee Filter Observations:			
	Sponge Observations:			
	Rocks Observations:			
	Plant Observations:			
How do I use	How do I use clean water?			