Hiding In Your Shell: Fear and Anxiety

Grade 6 – Health and Physical Education





Hiding In Your Shell: Fear and Anxiety



Lesson Details

Grade Level: 6	Curriculum Links:	Health and Physical Education	Time Needed:	30 minutes	
Learning Goal	To learn how to successfully prevent and cope with fear and anxiety.				
Success Criteria	By the end of this lesson, students will have reflected upon their emotions and learned				
	how to cope with fear and anxiety in a meaningful and impactful way.				
Specific	Identification and Management of Emotions				
Expectations	Apply skills that help them identify and manage emotions as they participate in				
	learning experiences in health and physical education, in order to improve their				
	ability to express their own feelings and understand and respond to the feelings				
	of others.				
	Stress Management and Coping				
	Apply skills that help them to recognize sources of stress and to cope with				
	challenges, including help-seeking behaviours, as they participate in learning				
	experiences in health and physical education, in order to support the				
	development of personal resilience.				
	Positive Motivation and Perseverance				
	Apply skills that help them develop habits of mind that support positive				
	motivation and perseverance as they participate in learning experiences in				
	health and physical education, in order to promote a sense of optimism and				
	hope.				
	Self-Awareness and Sense of Identity				
	Apply skills that help them develop self-awareness and self-confidence as they				
	participate in learning experiences in health and physical education, in order to				
	support the development of a sense of identity and a sense of belonging			longing	
Materials	Worksheet (attached), Pencil.			
Needed					

Lesson Description

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Overview	Through a reflection activity, students will focus on their fears and anxiety while		
	learning how to cope with them in times of distress.		
Activity	 Begin by defining what anxiety is and how it can impact a person's well being. Next, share tips with the students on how they can learn to recognize an 		
	emotional crisis and how they can cope in the situation.		
	Then, distribute the attached worksheet and have the students independently complete it.		
Background	An emotional crisis can cause intense and overwhelming emotions, sometimes negative		
Information	emotions. Various factors can trigger an emotional crisis: physical sensations, the		
	environment, and behaviours. It's important to recognize what feelings, thoughts, and		
	actions occur before a crisis in order to recognize it before it occurs.		
	During a moment of fear or anxiety it's good to know some techniques in order to relax and calm down. Such techniques include: questioning your thought pattern (challenge your fears and take back control), focusing on your breathing (this helps slow your heart		
	rate and calm down), writing down your thoughts (helps to be more organized and get		

Lesson Description

	outside of your head.		
	Part of this lesson is taken from skills and training related to Dialectical Behaviour		
	Therapy which was developed by Marsha Lineman.		
Blacklist Masters	Worksheet (attached)		
	Video Link(s): Mental Health and Turtles		
	 For more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/ 		
Place-Based	Just like a turtle when they are afraid or anxious, we too can hide in a shell until we feel		
Learning	comfortable again to poke our head out. Recognizing what makes use anxious and using		
	our environment to become grounded and relaxed can help.		
Inquiry-Based	Using Structured Inquiry , the students will reflect upon their fears and anxieties.		
Learning			
	Ask the students:		
	What is anxiety?		
	How can you relax yourself during a moment of fear and anxiety?		
	Why is it important to recognize triggers before a moment of crisis?		
Turtle Stories	Just like a turtle, we can sink into a shell when we are afraid. What helps you to come		
	out of your shell when anxious or afraid. Make a stress ball to help relax during those		
	stressful times. Students are encouraged to share their experiences, pictures, and		
	worksheets on the Turtle Stories website, found here: https://www.turtlestories.ca/		
Turtle Guardian	In Level 1 (Ontario Turtle Identification) of the Turtle Guardian Program, students will		
Program Links	learn how to identify all 8 species of Ontario's turtles and more facts about them. For		
	more information, please visit https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-a-turtle-		
	guardian/		
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My Notes





Hiding In Your Shell: Fear and Anxiety

This activity will teach you to feel when you are going into an emotional crisis (experiencing fear and anxiety), so you can learn to interrupt the pattern.

Part 1. Think of the Last Time You Had an Emotional Crisis

It can be anything that made you feel like you can't cope with the situation right in the moment.

Example of an Emotional Crisis:
Part 2. Emotions, Thoughts, Behaviours (Before or During the Crisis)
In this step we will work on recognizing what we usually feel, think and do before and during the crisis.
Emotions : What did you feel during the emotional crisis? Try to remember. Is this how you usually feel when you experience fear/anxiety in similar situations?
Thoughts: What do you usually think about before you experience fear/anxiety? Try to remember. Describe the exact words that you were thinking. Spend a
couple of minutes to think about whether this is how you usually think when you find yourself in similar situations.



Behaviors : Try to remember what you usually do before and during the emotional crisis. Think about the actions that you engage in. Is this a pattern for you or is it more specific to the situation that you picked?
Part 3. Sensations, Environment and Key Triggers
Sensations : Can you describe the physical sensations that you feel before or during the emotional crisis? Try to remember. Usually when we are experiencing fear/anxiety, our bodies manifest that in a way that we can physically feel.
Environment and Key Triggers: Describe what usually happens in the environment around you before and during the emotional crisis. Is there something in particular that triggers your fear/anxiety? Recognizing the key triggers that cause your intense emotions can be a very helpful asset for next time when you find yourself in a similar situation.
Part 4. Tips and Tricks for Calming Down
What helps you to calm down and feel grounded. Write down some suggestions to remember the next time you experience fear/anxiety.