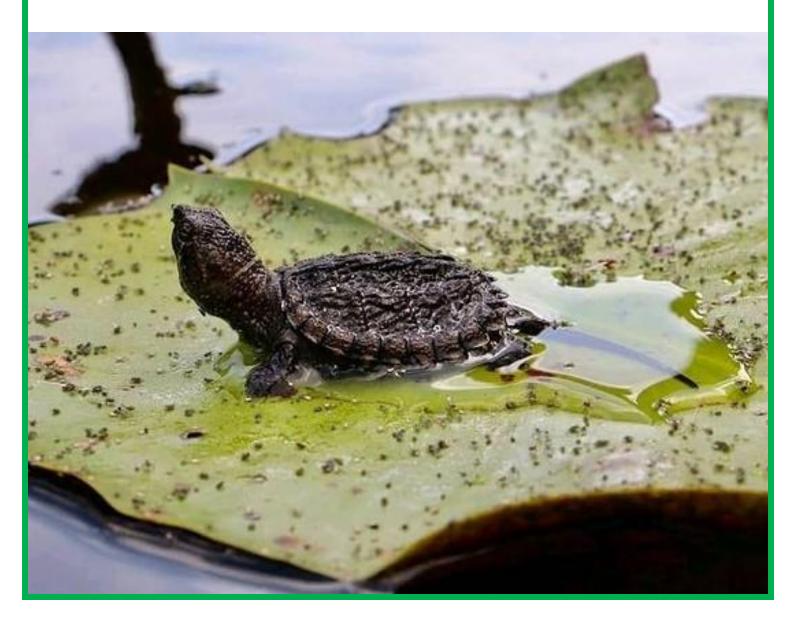
Grade 1 - Mathematics







#### **Lesson Details**

Grade Level: 1	Curriculum Links:	Mathematics, Visual Arts	Time Needed:	45 minutes	
Learning Goal	To practice using a symmetry mirror and to correctly colour the corresponding side of				
	the turtle. To underst	and what symmetry is and how	to identify it in every	yday objects.	
Success Criteria	By the end of this less	son, students will have practiced	d using a symmetry n	nirror,	
	successfully coloured	their turtle, and identified other	r objects around the	m that have	
	symmetry.				
Specific	Mathematics – Geometry and Spatial Sense				
Expectations	Locate shapes in the environment that have symmetry, and describe the				
	symmetry;				
	<ul> <li>Create symmetrical designs and pictures, using concrete materials, and</li> </ul>				
	the relative locations of the parts.				
	Visual Arts – Elements of Design				
	Use a variety of materials, tools, and techniques to respond to design				
	challenges: drawing, mixed media, painting, printmaking, sculpture.			re.	
Materials	Worksheet (attached), Pencil, Symmetry Mirror, Colouring Pencils, Markers, Crayons.			rs, Crayons.	
Needed	Needed				

#### Lesson Description

Overview	Using a symmetry mirror, students will re-create and properly colour the other half of					
	the turtle on the provided worksheet. Students will also generate a list of objects that					
	have symmetry.					
Activity	1. To begin, hand out the attached worksheet.					
	2. Explain what symmetry is and ask the students if they can spot objects in the					
	classroom that have symmetry (E.g. desk, pencil, a shape, chair, etc.)					
	3. Next ask if the students can think of objects or animals in nature that have					
	symmetry (E.g. tree, flower, butterfly, turtle, etc.)					
	4. Hand out the symmetry mirrors and colouring utensils, and have the students					
	complete the attached worksheet.					
Background	Symmetry is defined by an object looking exactly the same on both sides when a central					
Information	dividing line (or mirror line) can be drawn on it.					
	Turtles have symmetry. The top shell of a turtle is called a carapace. Many turtles have					
	distinct carapace shapes or markings that can be used to identify them. The triangular					
	(or geometric) sections on the carapace are called scutes. Marginal scutes are found					
	around the carapace and <b>ridges</b> are the nodes/connections between them. The scutes					
	of a turtle's carapace are arranged in longitudinal rows with strict bilateral symmetry in					
	organization. The colours and characteristics of the scutes vary from species to species.					
	For example, the Spotted Turtle, although symmetrical in scute layout, has a random					
	assortment of spots on the carapace.					
Blacklist Masters	Worksheet (attached)					
	Video Link(s): Ontario Turtle Identification					
	For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.turtleguardians.com/sample-">https://www.turtleguardians.com/sample-</a>					
	page/id-turtles/					
	E - Q - F					

#### **Lesson Description**

Place-Based	Students are encouraged to go for a walk in nature and identify things that have					
Learning	symmetry.					
Inquiry-Based	Using Confirmation Inquiry, the students will investigate objects around them and in					
Learning	nature to determine if it has symmetry, all while using a symmetry mirror to complete					
	an illustration.					
	Ask the students:					
	What is symmetry?					
	What objects have symmetry?					
	How does a turtle have symmetry?					
<b>Turtle Stories</b>	Try drawing a picture of a turtle's habitat with just symmetrical objects found in nature					
	Students are encouraged to share their experiences, pictures, and worksheets on the					
	Turtle Stories website, found here: <a href="https://www.turtlestories.ca/">https://www.turtlestories.ca/</a>					
Turtle Guardian	In Level 1 (Ontario Turtle Identification) of the Turtle Guardian Program, students will					
Program Links	learn how to identify all 8 species of Ontario's turtles. For more information, please visit					
	https://www.turtleguardians.com/what-is-a-turtle-guardian/					

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List objects in the classroom that have symmetry.

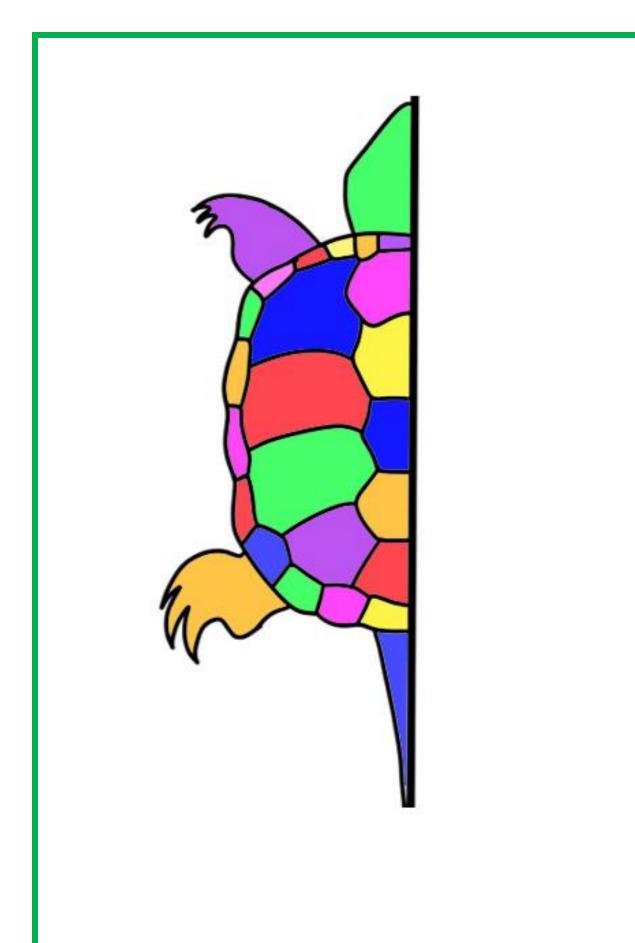
<b>1.</b>	E.g. Desk
2.	E.g. Pencil
3.	E.g. Triangle
4.	
5.	
6.	
<b>7.</b>	
8.	

List objects in nature that have symmetry.

<b>1.</b> <sub>.</sub>	E.g. Tree
2.	E.g. Flower
<b>3.</b> <sub>.</sub>	E.g. Butterfly
<b>4.</b> <sub>.</sub>	
<b>5.</b> <sub>.</sub>	
<b>6.</b> <sub>.</sub>	
<b>7.</b> _	
8.	

On the next page, use your symmetry mirror to draw the missing side of the turtle.

Then, colour the turtle side that you just drew to match.









List	objects	in the	classroom	that	have s	ymmetry.
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1.	
2.	
<b>5.</b>	
•	

List objects in nature that have symmetry.

1			
2			
3			
4			
6			
7			
0			

On the next page, use your symmetry mirror to draw the missing side of the turtle.

Then, colour the turtle side that you just drew to match.

